

On the writing of the name Šamaš-šuma-ukīn – In n. 5 on page 103 of my recent book *Babylonia 689-627 B.C. : A Political History* (Istanbul/Leiden, 1992) I stated that with regard to the name of Šamaš-šuma-ukīn (king of Babylonia 667-648) « on no occasion is the first part of the name written ^dUTU. » Dr. W. Mayer has kindly pointed out to me that the copy of CBS 1701 (PBS 1/2 no. 108) has the name written with the UTU sign in obverse 1' : ^d]UTU-MU-GI.NA 'LUGAL'. When I was first studying the writings of the name in 1979 I noted this otherwise unique form and asked Dr. M. Roth who was then in Philadelphia to collate the passage for me. Her collation (see the copy below) indicated that for the first element of the name the tablet actually has [N]U₁₁ preceded by the bottoms of two vertical wedges. Thus, the line in question appears to have [...] ' ^d] [GI]Š.[N]U₁₁-MU-GI.NA 'LUGAL' [...]. It was remiss of me not to mention the supposedly unique writing in PBS 1/2 no. 108 and Dr. Roth's kind collation.

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